Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, 2009

South Carolina--private industry

Characteristic	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transport- ation, and utilities ⁴	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total	11,000	2,560	90	770	1,700	8,450	3,470	250	370	1,400	1,650	1,120	200
Gender:													
Male	7,080	2,050	60	760	1,220	5,040	2,520	210	250	990	360	540	170
Female	3,890	510	20		480	3,380	920	40	120	410	1,290	580	30
Age:													
14 to 15													
16 to 19	170					160	80			30		40	
20 to 24	1,100	140		40	90	960	290			180	150	270	50
25 to 34	2,360	560	20	160	380	1,800	590	50	30	430	390	310	
35 to 44	2,330	660	50	130	480	1,670	520	50	30	410	380	230	50
45 to 54	2,860	620		140	470	2,240	1,260	20	200	190	380	130	60
55 to 64	1,850	540		290	250	1,300	610	60	90	120	310	100	
65 and over	330	20			20	300	100			50	30	40	
Length of service with employer:													
Less than 3 months	760	110		30	70	650	260			200	70	90	
3 to 11 months	2,450	420		150	260	2,030	660	40	160	420	370	340	50
1 to 5 years	4,270	1,030	50	480	500	3,240	1,260	130	70	510	670	540	60
More than 5 years	3,490	990		110	870	2,500	1,260	90	120	270	530	160	80
Race or ethnic origin:													
White only	5,870	1,290	20	590	680	4,580	2,020	210	170	810	680	550	140
Black only	2,020	530		100	430	1,480	440	20	30	240	510	240	
Hispanic or Latino only	430	250	50	30	170	180	80			40	20	30	
Asian only	20					20							
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	40					40							
American Indian or Alaskan Native only	30					30	30						
Hispanic or Latino and other race													
Multi-race													
Not reported	2,580	470	20	40	420	2,110	900	20	170	300	430	290	

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System --* United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.