Table 1. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work1 by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, 2010

South Carolina--state government

Characteristic	State government 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construc- tion	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transport- ation, and utilities ⁴	Informa- tion	Financial activities	Profes- sional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administra- tion
Total	960					960					330			620
Gender:														
Male	430					430					120			310
Female	530					530					220			320
Age:														
14 to 15														
16 to 19														
20 to 24						90								80
25 to 34						130					50			80
35 to 44						200					60			130
45 to 54						290					80			210
55 to 64	190					190					100			90
65 and over	60					60					30			30
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	20					20					20			
3 to 11 months						90					40			50
1 to 5 years	340					340					130			210
More than 5 years	510					510					140			370
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :														
White only	310					310					130			190
Black only						300					50			250
Hispanic or Latino only														
Asian only														
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only														
American Indian or Alaskan Native only														
Hispanic or Latino and other race														
Multi-race														
Not reported	340					340					160			190

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

in other industries.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-rac NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.