Table 9. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by major occupational group and number of days away from work, 2010

## South Carolina--private industry

	Percent of cases involving								
Occupation	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Total [10,950 cases]	100.0	14.0	9.2	23.3	7.4	9.3	6.1	30.7	7
Management occupations  Business and financial operations occupations  Computer and mathematical occupations  Architecture and engineering occupations	100.0 100.0  100.0	   66.7	   	20.0   	   	   	   	50.0 60.0 	42 63  1
Life, physical, and social science occupations  Community and social services occupations  Legal occupations	100.0	  	  	  	  	  	  	75.0 	100 
Education, training, and library occupations  Arts, design, entertainment, sports,	100.0		100.0						2
and media occupations Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	100.0 100.0	 13.2	 10.5	 18.4	 15.8	 7.9	 7.9	25.0 28.9	20 7
Healthcare support occupations  Protective service occupations  Food preparation and serving related occupations	100.0 100.0 100.0	22.6  22.9	17.7  21.9	12.9 22.2 16.2	11.3 22.2 4.8	11.3  2.9	6.5  6.7	19.4 44.4 25.7	4 18 3
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	100.0	4.1	4.9	71.3	4.6	4.9	2.5	7.4	5
Personal care and service occupations.  Sales and related occupations.	100.0 100.0 100.0	15.4 11.6	7.7 5.8	23.1 20.3	7.2	11.5 8.7	26.9 5.8	15.4 42.0	11 14
Office and administrative support occupations Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	100.0 100.0	15.4 	7.7	12.3 50.0	13.8 	7.7 	13.8	29.2 	12 5
Construction and extraction occupations	100.0 100.0	 14.3	4.3 10.7	35.7 15.5	5.7 7.1	21.4 14.3	2.9 4.8	27.1 32.1	12 14
Production occupations Transportation and material moving occupations	100.0 100.0	9.5 19.6	8.9 6.0	12.4 17.4	9.5 6.4	8.3 8.9	5.3 6.4	46.7 35.3	21 12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.