Table 13. Percent Distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, Private industry, South Carolina, 2011

		Goods producing			Service providing									
Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Time of event:														
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	3.2	7.9			11.0	1.5	2.0			1.4	1.4			
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	8.2	11.1	27.8		13.2	7.2	11.5			2.4		3.1		
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	33.6	37.3	16.7	70.5	27.9	32.3	28.5	57.1	50.0	37.5	32.1	28.9		
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	19.8	17.4	11.1	16.7	17.8	20.7	24.5		15.0	17.3	20.0	18.6	18.2	
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	13.5	9.5	33.3		9.6	15.0	18.7	28.6	15.0	5.8	15.0	15.5	45.5	
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	5.4	4.4			6.4	5.8	6.6			2.4	7.1	9.3		
Not reported	16.2	12.7	11.1	7.7	14.6	17.7	7.8		20.0	32.7	15.7	24.7		
Hours on the job before event occurred:														
Occurred before shift began	.4	.6			.9	.4								
Less than 1 hour	8.0	9.8	27.8		12.3	7.2	6.3			5.3	10.7	10.3		
1 - 2 hours	10.3	6.6			8.2	11.8	11.8	42.9	17.5				18.2	
2 - 4 hours	22.5	28.2		64.1	16.9	20.4	21.0		30.0	23.6	17.9	12.4		
4 - 6 hours	16.9	15.8		11.5	18.3	17.3	17.6		27.5	13.0	14.3	26.8	18.2	
6 - 8 hours	10.5	12.3	11.1	7.7	14.6	9.8	11.2			7.2	12.1	10.3		
8 - 10 hours	8.8	7.6			9.6	9.4	13.3			6.7	7.9	3.1	45.5	
10 - 12 hours	5.0	5.7			4.1	4.8	8.9				5.7			
12 - 16 hours	.7	.6			.9	.7	.6				2.9			
More than 16 hours														
Not reported	16.7	13.0	11.1	7.7	14.6	18.1	8.9		20.0	32.7	15.7	24.7		
Day of week:														
Sunday	5.2	2.5			1.8	6.2	4.3		27.5	2.9	7.1	9.3		
Monday	23.4	30.7	22.2	62.8	20.1	20.6	15.3	42.9	17.5	28.4	21.4	18.6	54.5	
Tuesday	18.9	18.7			24.2		21.3			26.4				
Wednesday	17.3	14.9		7.7	17.8	18.3	22.5		20.0			12.4		
Thursday	16.4	16.8	38.9	14.1	16.0	16.3	17.3		30.0	13.9	12.9	16.5	18.2	
Friday	11.6	12.0			15.1	11.3	11.5			5.8	15.7	20.6		
Saturday	7.1	4.1			5.0	8.2	7.8			5.3	12.1		18.2	

Table 13. Percent Distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, Private industry, South Carolina, 2011

			Goods producing				Service providing					
Charact	teristic Private industry ²	^{3,4} Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services		

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction. Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007 include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting,

such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and

nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor.

Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data

do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable

to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 15, 2013

cation and health ervices	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration		