

Table 15. Incidence rates¹ for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected parts of body, Private industry, South Carolina, 2011

Characteristic	Private industry	Part of body affected by the injury or illness																	
		Head		Neck	Trunk		Upper extremities					Lower extremities				Body systems	Multiple parts	All other body parts	
		Total	Eyes		Total	Back	Total	Shoulder	Arm	Hand	Wrist	Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot				
Total	97.3	8.7	2.1	2.0	24.0	19.4	32.3	7.3	4.3	13.4	5.9	20.4	7.4	6.0	4.5	1.1	8.3	.4	
Gender:																			
Male	117.3	11.3	2.8	2.5	30.9	25.4	39.3	8.7	5.5	18.6	5.4	22.9	8.9	6.2	5.3	1.5	8.4	.5	
Female	71.7	5.5	1.2	1.3	15.2	11.6	23.4	5.4	2.9	6.9	6.4	17.0	5.5	5.9	3.5	.6	8.3	.3	
Age:																			
14 - 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 - 19	89.6	--	--	--	--	6.9	6.9	33.1	--	--	26.3	6.3	45.1	--	17.2	6.9	--	--	--
20 - 24	133.8	11.9	4.0	3.6	26.4	19.2	42.0	8.6	6.1	19.9	7.1	36.4	7.6	20.9	6.6	1.5	12.0	--	--
25 - 34	96.9	16.5	1.7	2.1	26.4	23.6	28.0	3.7	3.0	12.6	7.8	18.3	6.6	5.1	4.8	1.0	4.4	--	--
35 - 44	76.5	4.5	1.7	1.5	20.9	16.9	25.7	7.8	3.9	9.4	2.8	15.0	3.7	4.2	4.2	1.5	7.4	--	--
45 - 54	92.3	5.5	2.8	2.8	26.6	21.2	26.2	7.6	6.0	9.8	1.7	15.1	6.6	2.3	3.8	1.4	13.5	1.3	--
55 - 64	105.1	7.9	1.4	--	20.5	16.3	44.3	12.3	3.2	23.2	2.7	24.7	17.3	2.7	3.8	--	6.4	--	--
65 and over	155.8	6.0	--	--	35.0	18.7	75.1	6.3	--	5.1	--	28.0	7.4	14.3	5.4	--	10.5	--	--
Major occupational group:																			
Management occupations	83.9	4.4	--	--	56.1	54.6	18.1	3.8	--	13.1	--	3.7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Business and financial operations occupations	7.8	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Computer and mathematical occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Architecture and engineering occupations	89.1	--	--	--	--	--	--	86.5	--	--	83.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Life, physical, and social science occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Community and social service occupations	46.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Education, training, and library occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	38.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	20.5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	84.9	4.3	--	3.7	32.0	24.4	19.7	12.6	3.1	2.9	--	10.8	4.2	--	2.5	--	12.5	--	--
Healthcare support occupations	183.6	19.7	--	--	58.9	56.0	19.4	7.5	--	--	--	27.4	15.8	--	5.2	--	51.7	--	--
Protective service occupations	410.3	--	--	31.8	77.2	76.4	101.8	--	30.3	66.8	--	183.8	20.7	122.7	33.7	--	--	--	--
Food preparation and serving related occupations	70.3	5.3	--	--	13.2	5.0	22.3	--	3.4	16.1	1.9	21.0	4.1	9.6	2.6	--	7.1	--	--
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	190.5	36.8	17.3	11.0	42.7	39.2	42.9	10.4	15.8	13.7	--	30.3	18.8	4.7	--	--	25.5	--	--
Personal care and service occupations	75.3	--	--	--	19.4	8.2	14.9	--	--	--	--	23.4	--	6.4	9.8	--	8.0	--	--
Sales and related occupations	47.7	4.7	--	--	16.1	11.8	14.6	6.6	2.3	4.3	1.0	8.8	2.9	2.5	2.8	--	2.6	--	--
Office and administrative support occupations	27.0	1.4	--	--	11.5	10.0	6.4	2.7	--	.9	1.8	5.9	1.6	1.1	2.5	--	1.6	--	--
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	70.7	--	--	--	27.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	27.3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction and extraction occupations	169.1	38.3	--	8.8	16.5	9.2	53.5	10.5	--	--	39.0	37.9	20.2	10.6	6.2	--	14.1	--	--
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	181.1	37.0	10.9	3.1	44.6	32.1	65.8	30.7	8.7	23.3	--	18.9	11.0	3.5	--	--	10.5	--	--
Production occupations	133.2	6.5	2.6	--	18.3	14.1	72.8	8.5	9.8	31.5	19.7	23.8	7.7	5.9	6.6	2.7	6.6	1.6	--
Transportation and material moving occupations	208.8	6.1	--	4.0	54.3	46.3	55.0	13.9	7.0	17.8	9.7	63.9	26.6	16.3	3.5	21.9	--	--	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 15, 2013