Occupation	Local government 2,3,4	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	250					250								250
Bus drivers, school or special client	230					230					230			
Elementary school teachers, except special education	150					150					150			
Construction laborers	150					150								140
Teacher assistants	150					150					150			
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	130					130					110			
Septic tank servicers and sewer pipe cleaners	130					130								120
Maintenance and repair workers, general	110					110	50							40
Emergency medical technicians and paramedics	70					70								60
Registered nurses	70					70					. 70			
Cooks, institution and cafeteria	70					70					. 70			
Firefighters	70					70								70
Nursing assistants	70					70					70			
Secretaries and administrative assistants, except legal, medical, and	60					60					. 40			
executive														
Correctional officers and jailers	50					50								50
Water and wastewater treatment plant and system operators	50					50	40							
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	40					40								30
Operating engineers and other construction equipment operators	40					40								40
Secondary school teachers, except special and career/technical education	30					30					30			
Refuse and recyclable material collectors	30					30								30
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	30					30								
First-line supervisors of fire fighting and prevention workers	30					30								30
First-line supervisors of landscaping, lawn service, and groundskeeping	20					20								20
workers														
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	20					20								
Light truck or delivery services drivers	20					20								

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 18, 2013

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007 include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.