

Table 13. Percent Distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, Private industry, South Carolina, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Time of event:														
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	1.9	3.3	--	--	4.3	1.5	2.0	--	--	--	2.2	--	--	--
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	7.6	6.7	--	--	9.2	8.0	6.1	--	--	15.5	10.9	5.5	--	--
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	31.2	33.3	23.1	58.3	26.6	30.4	37.8	20.0	40.0	20.4	28.5	21.3	14.3	--
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	22.2	21.9	15.4	13.3	25.5	22.3	22.7	30.0	25.7	16.5	24.1	21.3	28.6	--
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	15.2	9.3	15.4	--	10.9	17.4	11.9	--	5.7	29.1	18.2	21.3	38.1	--
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	5.3	5.6	--	--	8.2	5.4	4.7	--	--	2.9	5.1	11.0	--	--
Not reported	16.5	20.4	42.3	26.7	15.2	15.2	15.1	20.0	22.9	14.6	11.7	18.1	--	--
Hours on the job before event occurred:														
Occurred before shift began	1.0	--	--	--	--	1.0	--	--	--	--	--	3.9	--	--
Less than 1 hour	8.2	5.9	--	--	7.1	9.0	8.1	--	5.7	15.5	12.4	4.7	--	--
1 - 2 hours	7.4	7.0	--	--	9.8	7.5	8.1	--	--	7.8	8.0	7.9	--	--
2 - 4 hours	26.6	28.1	23.1	50.0	21.2	26.0	26.2	20.0	28.6	35.0	20.4	26.0	9.5	--
4 - 6 hours	13.1	10.7	7.7	5.0	13.6	13.9	11.0	20.0	14.3	13.6	22.6	13.4	9.5	--
6 - 8 hours	14.7	11.9	7.7	6.7	14.1	15.7	18.3	--	20.0	7.8	11.7	19.7	14.3	--
8 - 10 hours	8.2	10.4	--	6.7	12.5	7.6	8.1	--	5.7	3.9	10.2	4.7	14.3	--
10 - 12 hours	2.6	3.0	7.7	--	3.3	2.4	2.0	--	--	--	1.5	2.4	33.3	--
12 - 16 hours	1.0	2.2	--	--	2.7	.5	--	--	--	--	1.5	--	--	--
More than 16 hours	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported	17.3	20.4	42.3	26.7	15.2	16.2	17.4	20.0	22.9	14.6	11.7	18.1	--	--
Day of week:														
Sunday	5.5	4.8	--	5.0	5.4	5.8	3.8	--	14.3	5.8	8.0	7.1	--	--
Monday	20.2	28.1	46.2	56.7	15.8	17.5	19.5	20.0	11.4	10.7	25.5	11.8	14.3	--
Tuesday	16.0	17.0	--	10.0	21.2	15.6	17.4	20.0	25.7	10.7	10.9	12.6	38.1	--
Wednesday	17.2	17.0	--	11.7	20.7	17.4	11.3	30.0	11.4	42.7	15.3	17.3	9.5	--
Thursday	18.1	11.9	7.7	10.0	13.0	20.2	23.5	20.0	17.1	14.6	19.0	18.9	14.3	--
Friday	13.7	15.9	26.9	6.7	17.4	12.9	11.3	--	17.1	11.7	13.9	16.5	14.3	--
Saturday	9.3	5.2	7.7	--	6.5	10.7	13.1	--	--	3.9	8.0	15.0	--	--

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¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007 include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 26, 2013