

Table 2. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, Private industry, South Carolina, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	--
Gender:														
Male	60.9	83.0	88.5	98.3	76.6	53.4	69.8	60.0	42.9	61.2	14.6	44.9	71.4	--
Female	38.8	17.0	7.7	--	23.4	46.3	29.7	40.0	57.1	38.8	86.1	55.1	23.8	--
Age:														
14 to 15	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
16 to 19	3.2	2.2	11.5	--	1.6	3.5	2.6	--	--	--	--	10.2	--	--
20 to 24	10.8	16.7	11.5	46.7	8.2	8.8	10.2	--	--	3.9	5.8	15.0	--	--
25 to 34	18.3	20.0	46.2	10.0	19.0	17.9	19.5	20.0	20.0	13.6	18.2	15.7	19.0	--
35 to 44	27.3	20.7	23.1	15.0	22.8	29.6	33.1	30.0	20.0	38.8	29.2	22.0	--	--
45 to 54	22.6	22.6	7.7	20.0	26.1	22.7	18.0	--	8.6	31.1	24.1	26.8	47.6	--
55 to 64	14.4	14.4	--	8.3	18.5	14.4	13.1	40.0	31.4	9.7	20.4	7.9	19.0	--
65 and over	3.2	3.0	--	--	4.3	3.2	3.8	--	5.7	2.9	2.9	3.1	--	--
Length of service with employer:														
Less than 3 months	13.6	20.4	42.3	46.7	8.2	11.3	10.2	--	--	9.7	12.4	18.9	--	--
3 to 11 months	19.1	14.1	7.7	6.7	17.4	20.8	25.0	--	11.4	6.8	21.9	19.7	38.1	--
1 to 5 years	36.7	34.1	46.2	31.7	33.2	37.6	35.5	20.0	42.9	33.0	38.0	44.9	42.9	--
More than 5 years	30.3	31.1	--	13.3	40.8	30.0	28.5	60.0	42.9	50.5	27.7	16.5	14.3	--
Race or ethnic origin ⁵ :														
White only	39.6	47.8	15.4	73.3	44.0	36.8	33.1	20.0	22.9	36.9	52.6	35.4	38.1	--
Black only	20.2	28.5	42.3	10.0	32.6	17.2	10.5	20.0	8.6	4.9	32.8	31.5	14.3	--
Hispanic or Latino only	7.4	7.4	30.8	6.7	4.3	7.3	2.3	--	--	35.0	--	7.9	--	--
Asian only	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Race (Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Race (American Indian or Alaska Native)	.4	--	--	--	--	.5	.9	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Hispanic or Latino and other race	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Multi-race	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Not reported	32.3	15.9	11.5	10.0	18.5	38.0	53.2	60.0	65.7	23.3	13.9	25.2	42.9	--

Table 2. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected worker characteristics and major industry sector, Private industry, South Carolina, 2012

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		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007 include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both "Multi-race" and "Hispanic and other" race.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies, November 18, 2013. November 18, 2013