Table 5. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by selected injury or illness characteristics and major industry sector, State government, South Carolina, 2013

Characteristic	State government 2,3,4	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	820					820					210			600	
Nature of injury, illness:															
Fractures	40					40								30	
Sprains, strains, tears	300					300					110			190	
Amputations															
Bruise, contusions	180					180					30			150	
Chemical burns and corrosions Heat (thermal) burns			-												
Soreness, pain	180					180					30			150	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	30					30								20	
Cuts, lacerations	20					20									
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)															
Carpal tunnel syndrome															
Tendonitis															
Multiple traumatic injuries															
With sprains and other injuries															
With fractures and other injuries															
Part of body affected:															
Head	80					80								70	
Eye	30					30								20	
Neck															
Trunk	240					240					60			180	
Back	170					170					40			120	
Upper extremities	130					130					50			70	
Shoulder Arm	50					50					20			30	
Wrist	20		_			20									
Hand	40					40								30	
Lower extremities	200					200					40			150	
Knee	100					100					20			80	
Ankle	30					30								20	
Foot	30					30								20	
Toe, toenail															
Body systems Multiple	160					160					 50			 100	
Source of injury, illness:															
Chemical, chemical products															
Containers															
Furniture, fixtures	70					70					20			40	
Machinery															
Parts and materials	20					20									
Person, injured or ill worker  Worker motion or position	80 70					80 70					40 40			30	
Person, other than injured or ill workers	280					280					50			30 220	
Health care patient	140					140					50			90	
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	190					190					50			130	
Ladder							]							130	
Handtools															
Vehicles	90					90								80	
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Characteristic		Goods producing				Service providing									
	State government 2,3,4	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services		Other services	Public Administration	
Trucks															
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered															
Event or exposure:															
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	210					210					40			170	
Intentional injury by other person	140					140					20			120	
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	60					60								50	
Animal and insect related incidents															
Transportation incidents	60					60								50	
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	60					60								50	
Fires and explosions															
Falls, slips, trips	250					250					80			160	
Slips, trips without fall	30					30					20				
Fall on same level	180					180					50			130	
Fall to lower level	30					30								20	
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	20					20								20	
Contact with object, equipment	110					110					30			80	
Struck by object or equipment	40					40								30	
Struck against object or equipment	60					60					20			50	
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment															
Overexertion and bodily reaction	170					170					60			110	
Repetitive motion involving microtasks															
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	70					70								50	

Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 05, 2014

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007 include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.