	Part of body affected by the injury or illness ³																	
Characteristic	State government	Head			Trunk		Upper extremities				Lower extremities					1		
		Total	Eyes	Neck	Total	Back	Total	Shoulder	Arm	Hand	Wrist	Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot	Body systems	Multiple parts	All other body parts
Total	117.6	13.5	-	2.8	20.6	17.1	21.3	6.0	2.2	3.5		19.3	7.0	7.1		15.7	24.0	
Gender: Male Female	149.7 98.2	27.2 5.2		 3.8	25.5 17.7	20.5 15.0	29.2 16.5	12.7 		 3.6		20.9 18.3	10.0 5.1	7.4 6.9		29.1 7.6		
Age: 14 - 15 16 - 19 20 - 24 25 - 34 35 - 44 45 - 54 55 - 64 65 and over	 68.0 85.4 110.9 170.4 82.3 250.9	 36.1 9.0	 	 10.4	 33.7 17.3 21.8 10.6	 29.9 15.9 18.9 	 46.3 16.1	 19.4		 	 	 29.1 18.4 16.4 14.2	 11.5 8.8	 9.7 	 	 18.2 41.3		
Major occupational group: Management occupations Business and financial operations occupations Computer and mathematical occupations Architecture and engineering occupations	 	 	 	 	 	 		 		 	 	 	 	 	 		 	
Life, physical, and social science occupations Community and social service occupations Legal occupations Education, training, and library occupations Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations		 	 	 	- - - - -	 	- - - - -	 	 	 	 	 	 	-	 	 	 	
Healthcare support occupations Protective service occupations Food preparation and serving related occupations Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations Personal care and service occupations Sales and related occupations	-		 	-	-	 	-	 	- - - -	-	 	-	 	-	 			
Office and administrative support occupations Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations Construction and extraction occupations Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations Production occupations Transportation and material moving occupations	-	 	- - - - -		-	 	-	 	-	-	- - - - -	-		-				

 1 Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) \times 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses
EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year
20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week,

50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 04, 2016

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.