Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, local government, South Carolina, 2015

	Percent of cases involving								
Characteristic	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Total	100.0	11.7	10.0	16.5	15.2	17.3	8.7	21.2	8
Gender:									
Male	100.0	6.1	7.0	20.9	13.0	22.6	9.6	20.9	
Female	100.0	17.2	12.9	12.1	17.2	11.2	7.8	21.6	7
Age:									
14 - 15									
16 - 19									
20 - 24	100.0		18.2			27.3	18.2		7
25 - 34	100.0	8.3	4.2	16.7	27.1	16.7	14.6	12.5	7
35 - 44	100.0	5.7	7.5	15.1	18.9	20.8	9.4	22.6	13
45 - 54	100.0	8.2	16.4	16.4	13.1	19.7	3.3	23.0	8
55 - 64	100.0	27.7	8.5	14.9	6.4	12.8	8.5	23.4	7
65 and over	100.0			37.5				50.0	13
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months	100.0	15.8		31.6	10.5	36.8			6
3 - 11 months	100.0		8.3	25.0	20.8	8.3		33.3	7
1 - 5 years	100.0	7.5	11.9	16.4	19.4	13.4	11.9	20.9	7
5 years or more	100.0	14.2	10.8	12.5	13.3	19.2	9.2	21.7	10
Race or ethnic origin ² :									
White	100.0	13.9	11.1	16.7	13.0	15.7	6.5	22.2	7
Hispanic or Latino	100.0							33.3	6
Black or African American	100.0	4.4	11.8	16.2	16.2	20.6	13.2	17.6	11
Asian									
American Indian or Alaska Native									
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander									
Multi-race									
Hispanic and other									

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, local government, South Carolina, 2015

	Percent of cases involving								
Characteristic	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 07, 2016

 $^{^2}$ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both Multi-race and "Hispanic and other" race.