

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, private industry, South Carolina, 2017

Occupation	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	11,060	3,040	110	990	1,940	8,020	3,740	110	380	710	1,400	1,570	110	--
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	830	70	--	--	60	750	730	--	--	30	--	--	--	--
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	570	80	--	--	80	490	420	--	--	40	--	--	--	--
Retail salespersons	550	--	--	--	--	550	460	--	--	90	--	--	--	--
Waiters and waitresses	410	--	--	--	--	410	--	--	--	--	--	410	--	--
Maintenance and repair workers, general	340	100	--	--	100	240	110	--	60	--	50	--	--	--
Nursing assistants	330	--	--	--	--	330	--	--	--	--	330	--	--	--
Cooks, restaurant	230	--	--	--	--	230	--	--	--	--	--	230	--	--
Automotive body and related repairers	220	--	--	--	--	220	220	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	220	--	--	--	--	210	--	--	40	20	50	90	--	--
Driver/sales workers	200	--	--	--	--	190	140	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	190	--	--	--	--	190	--	--	--	--	--	190	--	--
Construction laborers	190	180	--	180	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors of retail sales workers	180	--	--	--	--	180	170	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Stock clerks and order fillers	180	--	--	--	--	160	160	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Registered nurses	170	--	--	--	--	170	--	--	--	--	170	--	--	--
Food preparation workers	160	--	--	--	--	160	130	--	--	--	--	30	--	--
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers	160	--	--	--	--	160	--	--	--	70	--	60	--	--
Shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks	150	60	--	--	60	90	90	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	150	--	--	--	--	150	140	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	140	--	--	--	--	140	20	--	--	40	20	40	--	--
Emergency medical technicians and paramedics	130	--	--	--	--	130	--	--	--	--	130	--	--	--
Tellers	130	--	--	--	--	130	--	--	130	--	--	--	--	--
Pest control workers	110	--	--	--	--	110	--	--	--	110	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors of production and operating workers	110	100	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
First-line supervisors of construction trades and extraction workers	100	60	--	60	--	40	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Meat, poultry, and fish cutters and trimmers	100	100	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, October 16, 2018