Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, local government, South Carolina, 2017

	Percent of cases involving								
Characteristic	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work
Total	100.0	10.6	11.5	16.7	14.5	9.3	11.5	26.0	10
Gender:									
Male	100.0	8.4	12.1	22.4	18.7	12.1	9.3	16.8	
Female	100.0	11.7	11.7	11.7	10.8	6.7	13.3	34.2	17
Age:									
14 - 15									
16 - 19									
20 - 24	100.0			28.6		28.6			6
25 - 34	100.0	4.7	12.5	21.9	20.3	4.7	21.9	12.5	8
35 - 44	100.0	15.4	17.3	17.3	5.8	7.7		32.7	5
45 - 54	100.0	16.7	9.5	14.3	14.3	9.5	16.7	19.0	
55 - 64	100.0	5.6	7.4	13.0	14.8	13.0	3.7	42.6	20
65 and over	100.0				25.0			25.0	14
Length of service with employer:									
Less than 3 months	100.0	10.0	10.0				50.0	15.0	30
3 - 11 months	100.0	7.7	11.5	30.8	15.4	11.5		19.2	6
1 - 5 years	100.0	7.8	8.9	14.4	23.3	7.8	6.7	32.2	10
5 years or more	100.0	14.3	15.4	16.5	7.7	12.1	9.9	24.2	8
Race or ethnic origin ² :									
White	100.0	4.5	12.7	20.9	11.8	7.3	5.5	37.3	10
Hispanic or Latino	100.0	40.0							2
Black or African American	100.0	14.9	14.9	17.0	6.4	17.0	4.3	25.5	9
Asian									
American Indian or Alaska Native	100.0								1
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander									
Multi-race									
Hispanic and other									

Table 8. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker characteristics and number of days away from work, local government, South Carolina, 2017

	Percent of cases involving								
Characteristic	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	Median days away from work

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, October 16, 2018

 $^{^2}$ Race and ethnicity data do not add to total. Some cases may be counted as both Multi-race and "Hispanic and other" race.