

**Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work <sup>1</sup> by major occupational group and major industry sector, private industry, South Carolina, 2019**

Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	11,340	2,850	100	840	1,900	8,490	3,630	170	210	970	1,280	1,740	480	--	
Management occupations	220	30	--	--	--	190	20	--	--	--	50	60	--	--	
Business and financial operations occupations	30	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Computer and mathematical occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Architecture and engineering occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	20	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Community and social service occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Legal occupations	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Educational instruction and library occupations	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	70	--	--	--	--	70	--	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	590	--	--	--	--	590	--	--	--	--	540	--	--	--	
Healthcare support occupations	440	--	--	--	--	440	--	--	--	--	440	--	--	--	
Protective service occupations	70	--	--	--	--	70	--	--	--	--	--	30	--	--	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	1,230	20	--	--	--	1,220	100	--	--	--	20	1,090	--	--	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	610	30	--	--	20	580	20	--	--	340	40	170	--	--	
Personal care and service occupations	100	--	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	--	20	70	--	--	
Sales and related occupations	1,110	--	--	--	--	1,110	820	20	--	--	--	200	--	--	
Office and administrative support occupations	190	50	--	--	40	150	60	--	--	40	30	--	--	--	
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	50	50	50	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Construction and extraction occupations	820	700	--	680	20	120	70	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	1,080	260	--	120	130	820	250	100	110	130	50	80	90	--	
Production occupations	1,670	1,360	--	--	1,350	310	140	20	--	--	--	--	150	--	
Transportation and material moving occupations	2,970	350	30	--	300	2,620	2,100	--	--	340	--	--	150	--	

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, October 23, 2020