

**Table 10. Percent distribution of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work (DAFW)<sup>1</sup> by selected occupations and number of days, state government, South Carolina, 2021-2022**

Occupation	Percent of cases involving								Median days
	Total cases	1 day	2 days	3 to 5 days	6 to 10 days	11 to 20 days	21 to 30 days	31 days or more	
Total	100.0	23.0	8.5	12.0	17.5	13.5	3.0	22.5	7
Correctional officers and jailers	100.0	--	--	--	15.0	15.0	10.0	50.0	38
Highway maintenance workers	100.0	--	--	--	47.4	--	--	--	7
First-line supervisors of correctional officers	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	77.8	126
Police and sheriff's patrol officers	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	42.9	34
Registered nurses	100.0	33.3	--	--	--	--	--	50.0	10
Medical and health services managers	100.0	--	--	--	75.0	--	--	--	6
Civil engineers	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	9
Psychiatric technicians	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	3
Nursing assistants	100.0	--	--	66.7	--	--	--	--	5
Secretaries and administrative assistants, except legal, medical, and executive	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	1
Electricians	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	14
Maintenance and repair workers, general	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	7
Detectives and criminal investigators	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2
Education administrators, postsecondary	100.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 16, 2023