		Nature of injury or illness ³															
Characteristic	Local government			Cuts, lacerations, punctures									Multiple traumatic injuries				
		Sprains, strains	Fractures	Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures	Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Total	with fractures	with sprains	Soreness Pain	All other natures
Total	105.6	41.3	8.8	4.1	3.0	1.1	11.4	1.0		-			3.7		3.0	19.5	14.7
Gender: Male Female	121.2 92.8	49.9 34.2		6.4 2.2	4.3 1.9		7.0 14.9	1.1		- - -			3.2 4.0		2.9	24.4 15.4	21.0 9.5
Age: 14 - 15 16 - 19 20 - 24 25 - 34 35 - 44 45 - 54 55 - 64 65 and over	77.8 124.5 129.4 79.4 78.0 147.3 121.6	 34.8 45.9 31.2 33.4 64.2 34.3	10.9 4.9 4.8 14.6	 11.8 3.4 3.4	 9.7 3.4	 2.9 	 8.4 8.0 10.2 21.3	 					 3.(4.8 2.4	 	 4.8 2.0	14.7 26.4 17.4 10.9 29.0 19.4	 46.7 31.7 22.9 6.9 14.0 8.9 29.8
Major occupational group: Management occupations Business and financial operations occupations Computer and mathematical occupations Architecture and engineering occupations		 	 		 		 		 				 	 		 	
Life, physical, and social science occupations Community and social service occupations Legal occupations Educational instruction and library occupations Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations		 	 	 	 			 	 							 	-
Healthcare support occupations Protective service occupations Food preparation and serving related occupations Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations Personal care and service occupations		 	 		 											 	
Sales and related occupations Office and administrative support occupations Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations Construction and extraction occupations Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations		 	 	 	 				 				 	 		 	
Production occupations Transportation and material moving occupations													_				

1 Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses during the reference period

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the reference period

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 16, 2023

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.